

L3

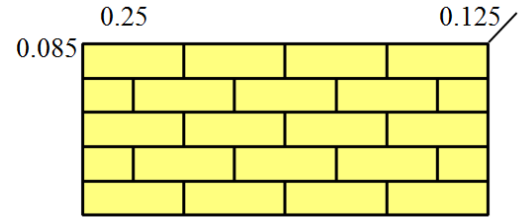
**Building partition with bricks:**

بناء القواطع بالطابوق

a- Thickness of wall = 12.5 cm

The dimensions of appeared side of brick = 0.085 X 0.25 cm

Number of bricks / m<sup>2</sup> = 1/(0.085\*0.25) ≈ 47 brick



b- Thickness of wall = 8.5 cm

The dimensions of appeared side of brick = 0.125 X 0.25 cm

Number of bricks / m<sup>2</sup> = 1/(0.125\*0.25) = 32 brick

**Building ceilings with bricks**

بناء السقوف بالطابوق (العقادة)

The dimensions of appeared side of brick = 0.085 X 0.25 cm

Number of bricks / m<sup>2</sup> = 1/(0.085\*0.25) ≈ 47 brick

**2- Volume of mortar in 1m<sup>3</sup> of building with bricks**

حجم المونة في 1 متر مكعب من البناء بالطابوق

Volume of brick before building = 0.24\*0.075\*0.115= 0.00207 m<sup>3</sup>

Volume of bricks without mortar in 1 m<sup>3</sup> of building = 378 \*0.00207= 0.78246 m<sup>3</sup>

Volume of mortar = 1 – 0.78246 ≈ 0.22 m<sup>3</sup>

From above information: 1 m<sup>3</sup> of building with bricks contains 0.78 m<sup>3</sup> of bricks and 0.22 m<sup>3</sup> of mortar.

What are the quantities of cement and sand in 0.22 m<sup>3</sup>?

For x (cement): y (sand) mixing ratio

The mixing losses 1/4 of its volume so the formula will be:

$$V = 0.75 (x + y)$$

V= volume of mixing

For example: if the mixing ratio is 1:3  $\rightarrow y = 3x$

$$V = 0.75 * (x + y) = 0.75 * (x + 3x) = 0.75 * (4x) = 3x$$

$$\text{If } v = 0.22 \text{ then } x = 0.22/3 = 0.0733 \text{ m}^3 \quad y = 0.22 \text{ m}^3$$

The density of cement is about 1400 kg/ m<sup>3</sup> so the weight of cement can be determined:

$$W = 1400 * 0.0733 = 102.62 \text{ kg} \quad (\text{usually the standard bag of cement contains 50 kg}) \rightarrow \text{number of bags needed is } 102.62/50 = 2.05 \approx 2 \text{ bag}$$

For 1 m<sup>3</sup> building with bricks we need two bags of cement and 0.22 m<sup>3</sup> of sand.

- لكل متر مكعب من البناء بالطابوق نحتاج 2 كيس من السمنت و 0.22 متر مكعب من الرمل

### 3- Estimate of plastering with cement and sand mixing:

تخمين اللبخ بخليط السمنت و الرمل

Plastering thickness is usually ( 1- 2) cm , mixing ratio 1:3

$$\text{For } 1 \text{ m}^2 \text{ plastering (2 cm in thickness), Volume} = 1 * 1 * 0.02 = 0.02 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V = 0.75(x+y) \rightarrow 0.02 = 0.75 (1x+3x) \quad x = 0.02/3 = 0.0067$$

$$\text{Weight of cement} = 0.0067 * 1400 = 9.38 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Sand volume} = 3 * 0.0067 = 0.02 \text{ m}^3$$

### 4- Estimate of cement, sand, and gravel quantities in concrete works:

تخمين كميات السمنت، الرمل، الحصى في اعمال الخرسانة

Concrete contains (cement, sand, gravel, and water)

Mixing of elements loses 1/3 of its volume

$$V = 0.67 (x + y + z)$$

V = volume of mixing

x, y, z = quantity of cement, sand, and gravel respectively.

Common mixing ratios:

1:1.5:3

1:2:4

1:3:6

1:4:8

For 1 m<sup>3</sup> and mixing ratio (1:2:4):

$$V = 0.67 * (x + y + z) \rightarrow 1 = 0.67 * (x + 2x + 4x)$$

$$1 = 0.67 * (7x) = 4.69x \rightarrow x = 1/4.69 = 0.213 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Weight of cement} = 0.213 * 1400 \approx 300 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Number of cement bags} = 300/50 = 6 \text{ bags}$$

$$\text{Volume of sand} = 0.213 * 2 = 0.42 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Volume of gravel} = 0.213 * 4 = 0.85 \text{ m}^3$$

For 1 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete the quantities of mixing elements are as following:

$$\text{Cement} = 300 \text{ kg} = 6 \text{ bags} \quad \text{sand} = 0.42 \text{ m}^3 \quad \text{gravel} = 0.85 \text{ m}^3$$

لكل 1 متر مكعب من الخرسانة ، كميات المكونات للخلطة تكون كالتالي:

سمنت = 300 كغم = 6 اكياس      رمل = 0.42 متر مكعب      حصى = 0.85 متر مكعب

## 5- Estimate of tiles : تخمين البلاطات

### a- Floor tiles

Dimensions of mosaic tiles in general are (20X20) cm , (30X30)cm, or (40X40) cm, thickness of tiles (2-3) cm, space between two tiles is (2 – 4) mm

Number of tiles (20X20 cm and space 2 mm )

$$\text{in } 1 \text{ m}^2 = 1/(0.202*0.202) = 24.5 \text{ tile}$$

b- skirting tiles

For skirting tiles with 20 cm length and 3mm space

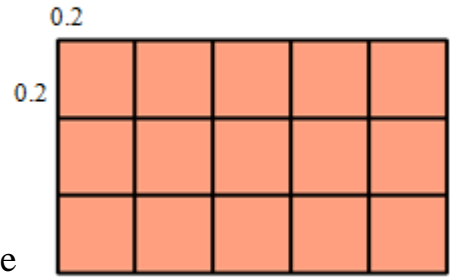
البلاط المستخدم للارزارة

$$\text{Number of tiles for 1 m} = 1/ (0.203) = 4.9 \text{ piece}$$

For roof tiles the common dimensions are ( 50 X 50 X 4) cm or (80 X 80 X 4) cm.

Space between tiles = 2 mm

$$\text{Number of tiles in } 1 \text{ m}^2 = 1/( 0.802*0.802) = 1.55 \text{ piece}$$



**Note:** For any other tiles (like ceramic tiles) with different dimensions, the method of determining the number of pieces in 1 m<sup>2</sup> is similar to what mentioned above.

$$\text{Number of tiles in } 1 \text{ m}^2 = 1/ (x + s * y + s)$$

x, y : dimensions of tile

S: space between two tiles

#### 6- Estimate of concrete brick (block) : تخمين البلوك

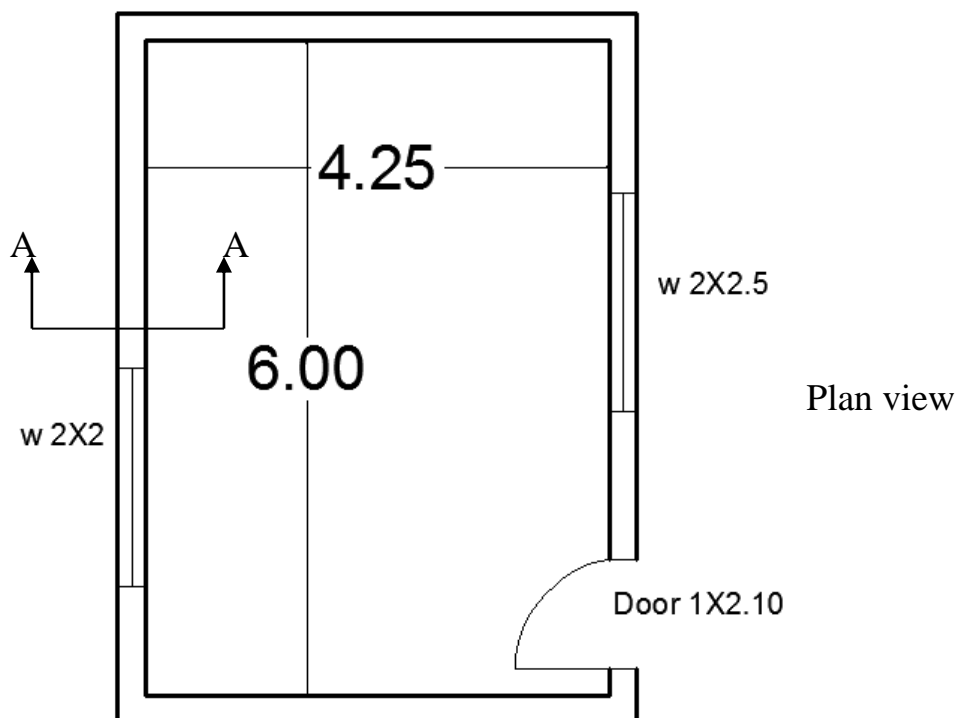
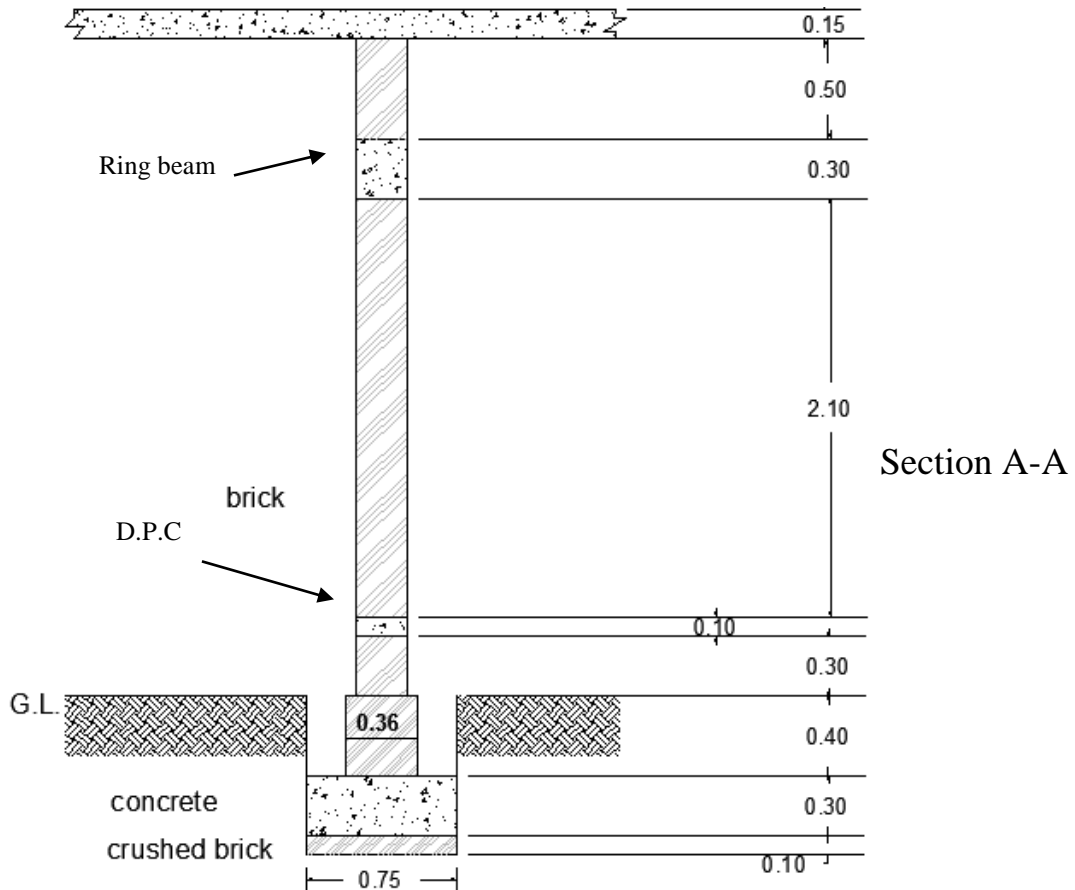
Dimensions of block are (20 X 20 X 40) cm or (10 X 20 X 40) cm

Number of blocks (20 X 20 X 40) in 1 m<sup>2</sup> = 1/ (0.21\*0.21\*0.41) = 55.3  
block

**Example:** for the drawings below estimate the following:

- 1- Earth work quantity
- 2- Quantity of foundation concrete
- 3- Quantity of bricks in foundation
- 4- Quantity of D.P.C. مانع الرطوبة

- 5- Quantity of bricks in walls
- 6- Quantity of concrete in ring beam الرباط
- 7- Quantity of concrete in ceiling
- 8- Overall cement bags and sand needed for activities (2-8) (assume same cement type used and same mixing ratio for concrete 1:2:4)
- 9- Overall quantity of gravel for activities (2, 4, 6, and 7)



**By using center line method:**

$$\text{Center line length} = 2 * (4.25 + 0.25) + 2 * (6 + 0.25) = 21.5 \text{ m}$$

- 1- Earth work volume =  $0.75 * 0.8 * 21.5 = 12.9 \text{ m}^3$
- 2- Foundation concrete volume =  $0.75 * 0.3 * 21.5 = 4.84 \text{ m}^3$
- 3- Volume of bricks work in foundation =  $(0.36 * 0.4 + 0.25 * 0.3) * 21.5 = 4.7 \text{ m}^3$   
Quantity of bricks =  $400 * 4.7 = 1880 \text{ brick}$
- 4- Volume of concrete in D.P.C. =  $0.1 * 0.25 * 21.5 = 0.54 \text{ m}^3$
- 5- Volume of bricks in walls =  $0.25 * 2.1 * 21.5 - (2 * 2.5 * 0.25) - (2 * 2 * 0.25) - (1 * 2.1 * 0.25) + (0.5 * 0.25 * 21.5) = 11.2 \text{ m}^3$   
Quantity of bricks =  $400 * 11.2 = 4480 \text{ brick}$
- 6- Volume of concrete in ring beam =  $0.3 * 0.25 * 21.5 = 1.61 \text{ m}^3$
- 7- Quantity of concrete in ceiling (no sunshade) =  $6.5 * 4.75 * 0.15 = 4.63 \text{ m}^3$
- 8- Overall cement bag needed:

Cement bags:

- a- Total concrete volume =  $4.84 + 0.54 + 1.61 + 4.63 = 11.62 \text{ m}^3$   
For  $1 \text{ m}^3$  (1:2:4 mixing ratio) we need 6 bags  
Total bags needed =  $6 * 11.62 = 69.72 \text{ bag}$
- b- Total volume of bricks work =  $4.7 + 11.2 = 15.9 \text{ m}^3$   
For  $1 \text{ m}^3$  bricks work we need 2 cement bags  
Number of cement bags =  $2 * 15.9 = 31.8 \text{ bag}$

$$\text{Overall cement bag} = 31.8 + 69.72 \approx 102 \text{ bag} \approx 5 \text{ tons}$$

Sand: H.W.

9-Gravel volume H.W.

Complete table:

No.	Item	Quantity	Unit
1	Excavation	12.9	m <sup>3</sup>
2	bricks	6360	Number
3	Cement	5	Tons
4	Sand	?	m <sup>3</sup>
5	Gravel	?	m <sup>3</sup>