**نفي الجلة الانكليزية**

**اعداد**

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يأخذ نفي الجملة في اللغة الانكليزية اربع صور وهي كالآتي:

1. اذا احتوت الجملة على احد الافعال المساعدة الآتية فنضع (not) بعده لتصبح الجملة منفية.

الافعال المساعدة هي: (is, are, am, was, were, shall, will, should, would, can, could, may, might, must, ought), وكذلك (has, have, had) اذا جاء بعدها التصريف الثالث للفعل (p.p):

Maha is at home→ Maha is **not** at home.

Ali has got a car→ Ali has **not** ***got*** a car.

ملاحظة: تستخدم المختصرات الآتية عند التكلم للسهولة:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Isn’t | Is not |
| Aren't | Are not |
| Wasn’t | Was not |
| Weren’t | Were not |
| Hasn’t | Has not |
| Haven’t | Have not |
| Hadn’t | Had not |
| Mayn't | May not |
| Mightn’t | Might not |
| Mustn’t | Must not |
| Oughtn’t | Ought not |
| Shan't | Shall not |
| Won't | Will not |
| Shouldn’t | Should not |
| Wouldn’t | Would not |
| Can't | Cannot (تكتب ككلمة واحدة) |
| Couldn’t | Could not |

1. اذا كانت الجملة خالية من الفعل المساعد (في الفقرة الاولى) وكان الفعل مضارعا بأحد الفواعل الآتية فنضع (do not) قبل الفعل المضارع:
2. اذا كان الفاعل (I)
3. اذا كان الفاعل جمع (they, we, you, ,فاعل صريح جمع)

I have lunch at school. → I don’t have lunch at school.

We live in Iraq. → We don’t live in Iraq.

1. اذا كان الفعل ينتهي بــ (s) الشخص الثالث, فنضع قبله ((does not **مع حذف (s) الشخص الثالث من الفعل عند النفي أي يرجع لصيغته المجردة.**

Huda **speaks** English well. → Huda doesn’t **speak** English well.

He **has** sugar with tea. → He doesn’t **have** sugar with tea.

ملاحظة: الصيغة المجردة لــ has و had هي الفعل (have).

1. اذا كان الفعل ماضيا نضع قبله (did not) ونحول الفعل الماضي الى المضارع المجرد:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **V1 Base Form** | **V2 Past Simple** | **V3 Past Participle** |
| buy | bought | bought |
| come | came | come |
| do | did | done |
| find | found | found |
| get | got | gotten |
| go | went | gone |
| have | had | had |
| like | liked | liked |
| Listen | listened | listened |
| live | lived | lived |
| love | loved | loved |
| make | made | made |
| phone | phoned | phoned |
| play | played | played |
| say | said | said |
| see | saw | seen |
| start | started | started |
| stay | stayed | stayed |
| take | took | taken |
| visit | visited | visited |
| want | wanted | wanted |
| watch | watched | watched |
| work | worked | worked |

I watched television last night. → I didn’t watch television last night.

He wrote me a letter. → He didn’t write me a letter.

I had a letter from him → I didn’t have a letter from him.

ملاحظة: عند وجود (some) نحولها الى (any):

We need **some** sugar.→ We don’t need **any** sugar.

ملاحظة: عند وجود (a lot of او plenty of ) نحولها عند النفي الى (many) اذا تبعت بإسم معدود ونحولها الى (much) اذا تبعت بإسم غير معدود.

I have got **a lot of** stamps. → I haven’t got **many** stamps.

There is **plenty of milk** in the bottle. → There isn’t **much** milk in the bottle.